19 (I) INFD 1.5 (H)

2018

INDIAN FEDERALISM (Constitutional Law Group)

Paper: 1.5

Full Marks: 80

Time: Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

- 1. Fill in the blanks with appropriate answers given in the brackets / Choose True or False: 1×10=10
 - a.of the Constitution of India describes India as a 'Union of States'. (Article 1/Article 2)
 - b. Indian Constitution contains some principles which deviate from the strict character of Federal Constitution.

(True/False)

- c. of the Constitution of India grants special status to the state of Jammu and Kashmir. (Article 360 / Article 370)
- d. Governor shall exercise the

 power either directly or through officer subordinate to him.(legislative / executive)
- e. The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the states, are reserved to the states respectively, or to the people. (True/False)
- f. England has a Constitution but mostly of type. (Written /Unwritten)
- g. NITI Aayog was established in 2015 to replace the Planning Commission.

(True/False)

- h. Residuary powers of legislation are vested with parliament. (True/False)
- i. Cooperative federalism is also known as marble cake federalism. (True/False)
- j. A Confederation is a group of people or nations united for a common purpose.

 (True/false)

2. Write short notes on:

 $2 \times 5 = 10$

- a. Merits of Federal Constitution
- b. Governor's role
- c. Rigidity vs Flexibility in Constitutional Amendment
- d. Article 263 of the Constitution of India
- e. Demerits of Confederation.
- 3. What are the basic characteristics of federalism? How far the federal division of power in India has been successful?

6+6=12

Or

Define Unitary Constitution. What are the characteristics of a Unitary Constitution? Examine the advantages of a Unitary Constitution. 2+6+4= 12

4. What are the qualifications required to be appointed as a Governor? Discuss the powers and functions of a Governor.

4+8=12

Or

Enumerate the background of conferring special status to Jammu and Kashmir by the framers of the Constitution.

5. Write a comparative note on Amendment procedure of the Constitution of India and US.

Or

Write a comparative note with respect to federalism under the Constitution of India and USA.

6. Trace the constitutional provisions on legislative relation between Union and State under the Constitution of India. 12

Or

Discuss the financial relation between Union and State under the Constitution of India after the introduction of GST in India.

7. Trace the difference between confederation and federation. Critically evaluate the need for co-operative federalism in India.

6+6=12

Or

Define Co-operative Federalism. Mention some of the provisions in the Constitution of India which ensures the working of Co-operative Federalism. What are the constraints in the path of development of co-operative federalism in India?

2+6+4=12