Total number of printed pages-4

Fill in the blanks:

1.

19 (Sem-V) CPLW 5.2

2016

COMPANY LAW

Paper: 5.2

Full Marks': 80

Time: Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

·(a)	The Companies Act, 2013, came into
	force with effect from ———.
	(August 30, 2013 / April 30, 2013)

- (b) The maximum number of members for a private company is ———.
- (c) The word 'debenture' is borrowed from the Latin term ————. (dabere / debere)

 $1 \times 10 = 10$

(d)	DIN stands for (Director Identification Number / Director Identity Number)
(e)	Companies Act, 2013, distinction between members voluntary winding up and creditors voluntary winding up. (makes / does not make)
(f)	A public company may issue share warrant only in respect ofshares. (Partly paid / fully paid)
(g)	Companies Act, 2013, consists of sections. (470/471)
(h)	Transfer of share is the change of ownership of share between the parties. (voluntary / involuntary)
(i)	Section 2(5) of the companies Act, 2013 defines (Memorandum of Association / Articles of Association)
<i>(i)</i>	The internal between two Annual General Meetings should not exceed months (15/18)

2. Write brief notes on:

2×5=10

- (a) Public Company
- (b) Floating Charge
- (c) Red-Herring Prospectus
- (d) Promoter
- (e) Advisory Committee.
- 3. Define 'company'. Discuss the essential features of a company. 4+8=12

Or

"A company is a legal person and it has identity separate from the members comprising it"— Elucidate the statement with the help of judicial decisions.

4. What do you mean by 'mis-statement in prospectus'? Who are liable for such misstatement? Discuss the nature and extent of their liability. 2+3+7=12

OR

Enumerate the formalities for incorporation of a public company. State the effect of incorporation. 8+4=12

5. Define 'Share' and 'Debenture' and trace out the differences between them. Can a debenture be converted into share?

4+6+2=12

OR

Discuss the provisions as provided under the Companies Act, 2013, for prevention of oppression in a company.

6. Who is an Independent Director'? Discuss the qualifications for appointment of a person as independent director in a company. State his term of office.

3+7+2=12

OR

Enumerate the grounds on the basis of which the Company Law Tribunal can pass order for winding up of a company. Discuss who can file the petition before the Tribunal for issuance of such winding up order. 7+5=12

7. Discuss the composition, role and function of National Company Law Tribunal. 12

OR

Write notes on

6+6=12

- (a) NCLAT
- (b) Memorandum of Association.