

Total number of printed pages—4

21 (3) INFD 3-5 (H)

2018

**INDIAN FEDERALISM**  
**(Constitutional Law Group)**

Paper : 3-5

Full Marks : 80

Time : Three hours

**The figures in the margin indicate  
full marks for the questions.**

1. Fill in the blanks with appropriate answers given in the brackets/ Choose True or False : 1×10=10
  - a. India, that is Bharat, shall be a Union of States. (True/False)
  - b. Federalism has been declared to be an essential feature of the Constitution of India and a part of its basic structure. (True/False)
  - c. Jammu and Kashmir is a constituent State of the Indian Union. (True/False)
  - d. \_\_\_\_\_ of the Constitution of India deals with the power of President to grant pardons. (Article 70/ Article 72 )

Contd.

- e. The \_\_\_\_\_ of the Constitution of USA declares, "The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the states, are reserved to the states respectively, or to the people". (First Amendment/ Tenth Amendment)
- f. The Constitution of USA was adopted in \_\_\_\_\_ at Philadelphia Convention. (1787/1789)
- g. The Union Government of India announced the formation of NITI Aayog on 1<sup>st</sup> January 2015. (True/False)
- h. \_\_\_\_\_ of the Constitution of India deals with adjudication of disputes relating to waters of Inter-State rivers or river valleys. (Article 262/ Article 263)
- i. When a group of people or nations form an alliance, it is called a confederation, allowing each member to govern itself but agreeing to work together for common causes. (True/False)
- j. In \_\_\_\_\_, the phrase *pragmatic federalism* was used. (S.R. Bhumai vs. Union of India / State of Rajasthan vs. Union of India)

2. Write short notes on : 2×5=10
- Disadvantages of Federal Constitution.
  - Governor's role.
  - Distinguish between Single Citizenship and Dual Citizenship.
  - Central-State relation after introduction of GST.
  - Merits of Confederation.
3. "The demand for more autonomy is one of the vibrant issues of the Indian federalism". Discuss the statement in the light of present set up that exists in India. 12

**Or**

Write an exhaustive note on the origin of federalism in India. Why the term "Union of States" has been used in Article 1 of the Constitution of India? 10+2=12

4. How far the Constitution of India be termed as the federal Constitution? Is there any deviation from the strict principles of federalism in the Constitution? 8+4=12

**Or**

Write a note on State emergency under the Constitution of India. What were the changes made by the Constitution (forty-second Amendment) Act in Article 356? 3+9=12

5. The federal Constitution pre-supposes that the Constitution should impose mutual obligations between the Centre and the States.

Examine the statement with reference to the Constitution of India and USA. 12

**Or**

Discuss the Doctrine of Separation of Power under the Constitution of India and USA.

12

6. Write an exhaustive note on the provisions relating to distribution of revenue between Union and States. 12

**Or**

Write comprehensive notes on : 6+6=12

- a. Colourable legislation
- b. Doctrine of Repugnancy

7. The federal principle in a federation has two aspects — national unity and state rights'. Elucidate. 12

**Or**

Write brief notes on : 6+6=12

- a. Confederation.
- b. Co-operative federalism.