

Total number of printed pages-4

21 (3) PSc-III 3-2

2019

POLITICAL SCIENCE-III

Paper : 3-2

Full Marks : 80

Time : Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

1. Choose the correct option : $1 \times 10 = 10$
- (a) The _____ (Government of India Act of 1919/Government of India Act of 1935) provided for the establishment of an All India Federation.
- (b) The Indian brand of socialism, as reflected in the Constitution of India is _____. (Democratic Socialism/State Socialism)
- (c) Right to Constitutional Remedies, as a Fundamental Right, is incorporated in _____ (Art. 30/Art. 32) of Indian Constitution.

Contd.

- (d) The Directive Principles of State Policy enumerated in Indian Constitution aim at the establishment of _____ .
(Political Democracy/Economic and Social Democracy)
- (e) _____ (G. Austin/Ivor Jennings) called Indian federalism as Co-operative Federalism.
- (f) The President of India nominates _____ (12/2) members to the Rajya Sabha.
- (g) The _____ (Prime Minister/President) is the Chairperson of NITI Aayog (National Institution for Transforming India)
- (h) The _____ (Chief Minister/Governor) may reserve Bill for the consideration of President.
- (i) _____ (Speaker of Lok Sabha/President) presides over joint sitting of Parliament.
- (j) The _____ (President/Chief Justice of India) can appoint a Judge of a High Court as an Acting Chief Justice of the High Court.

2. Answer the following questions : 2×5=10

- (a) Give two reasons to justify Sepoy Mutiny as 'India's First War of Independence'.

(b) What are the provisions of the Constitution that reveal the secular character of India?

(c) Mention two Fundamental Duties.

(d) Mention two effects of National Emergency on Indian Political System.

(e) Mention two qualifications of a person to be appointed as a Judge of a High Court.

3. Discuss the factors responsible for the growth of Indian Nationalism. Write a note on the contribution of Gandhi towards Indian National Movement. 8+4=12

Or

Discuss the salient features of Indian Constitution. 12

4. Explain the features of Fundamental Rights incorporated in the Constitution of India. Write a note on Article 19 of Indian Constitution. 8+4=12

Or

Discuss the Directive Principles of State Policy enumerated in Part IV of Indian Constitution. 12

5. Discuss *five* Federal Features of the Constitution of India. Explain how India has deviated from traditional federal systems and incorporated a large number of unitary features, tilting the balance of power in favour of the Centre. 6+6=12

Or

Discuss the Financial Relations between Centre and the States of India. 12

6. Discuss in detail, the various powers and functions of President of India. 12

Or

Make a comparison between powers and functions of the two houses of Parliament : Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha. 12

7. Discuss in detail, the powers and functions of Chief Minister. Write a note on relationship between Chief Minister and Governor, at the State level of India.

8+4=12

Or

Write notes on : 6+6=12

- (a) Original Jurisdiction of Supreme Court of India
(b) Contempt of Court