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21 (3) CRPS 3-5 (H)

2018

CRIMINAL PSYCHOLOGY

Paper : 3-5

Full Marks : 80

Time : Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

1. Fill in the blanks with appropriate option :
1×10=10

(a) The first centralised legislation pertaining to Juvenile Justice was enacted in the year _____.
(1986/1983)

(b) Offence of rape is defined by section _____ of Indian Penal Code.
(374/375)

(c) Killing of a person by another is called _____.
(Suicide/Homicide)

(d) Drugs can be classified into _____ categories. (Two/Four)

Contd.

- (e) _____ is an act which is committed by two or more criminals as a joint venture in an organized manner.
(organised crime/crime)
- (f) The theory of differential association was propounded by _____.
(Sutherland/Ferri)
- (g) _____ was the first criminologist to correlate crime with the heredity of the criminal.
(Lombraso/Goring)
- (h) _____ indulge in large scale violence and anti-social activities which disturb public life.
(Terrorist/Drug Addict)
- (i) _____ school attributed crime to 'free will' of the individual.
(Classical/Neo-classical)
- (j) Dowry Death is provided by section _____ of Indian Penal Code.
(304/304B)

2. Write short notes on : 2×5=10

- (a) Biological perspective of crime.
- (b) Write *two* special offences.
- (c) What is child marriage?
- (d) Suicide.
- (e) Define crime.

3. Explain the nature and history of criminal behaviour. 15

Or

Elucidate the various theories of criminal behaviour. 15

4. Explain the sociological and psychological perspective of crime. 15

Or

Critically examine the biological perspective of crime. 15

5. What are the causes of substance abuse? Also mention the consequences of it. 15

Or

Write an exhaustive note on various crimes committed against women. 15

6. What are the contributions of family and society in the rehabilitation of offenders? 15

Or

Discuss the role of various voluntary agencies in social defense. 15