19 (Sem-4) CPCN 4.5 (E)

2016

COMPARATIVE CONSTITUTION

(New Course)

Paper : 4.5 H₂

Full Marks: 80

Time: Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

1.	(a)	Fill in the blanks with appropriate
		answers given in the brackets:
		1×10=10

(i) U.K. Constitution is a Constitution. (written)

Contd.

(iii)	Procedure established by Law in Article does not mean any procedure laid down by the legislature. (19/21)	(b) Write short notes on the following: 2×5=10 (i) Doctrine of Separation of Power
(iv)	For the maintenance of rule of law there must be independent and impartial (Legislature/ Judiciary)	(ii) Judicial Review (iii) Principle of Natural Justice (iv) Adult Suffrage
(v)	Rule of law was originated in (England/USA)	(v) Method of Amendment under the Constitution of USA.
(vi)	The makers of Indian Constitution while framing Article 310 did not follow model. (U.S./ Australian)	Discuss the salient features of the Constitution of UK and USA. 12
(vii)	Judicial Review is a basic feature	A
	of Indian Constitution (Yes/No)	Or Discuss the salient feature of Indian Constitution 12
	of Indian Constitution	_
(viii)	of Indian Constitution (Yes/No) is the custodian of the right of citizen. (Parliament/	Discuss the salient feature of Indian Constitution.

4. Compare the relative scope of the American doctrine "Due to process of Law" with that of reasonableness of the restrictions contained in Article 19 of the Indian Constitution.

Or

The Constitution of India guarantees the fundamental freedom more effectively than British Constitution. — Discuss. 12

5. What is natural justice? Explain the different principles of natural justice.

Write a detail note on the Rules of Natural Justice.

6. What do you mean by Judicial review with reference to Constitution of India? Whether Judicial Review can be amended or not.

12

12

Or

4

How does Judicial Review exist in U.K.//India and USA?