2019

SPECIAL CONTRACT

Paper: 4.4

Full Marks: 80

	Time: Three hours
The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.	
. Cho	oose the correct option: 1×10=10
(a)	A contract of guarantee has been defined under of the Indian Contract Act, 1872. (section 126/section 124)
(b)	For the purpose of pledge, delivery of possession of goods (has to be actual/may be constructive)
(c)	An agent is bound to render proper account to on demand. (his principal/ his creditor)
(a)	Section 226, to last one of the Contract Act deals with (effects of the agency upon the agent/effect of agency on contracts with third person)

	'Price in the Sale of Goods Act, 1930 have been described under [section 2(10)/section 2(14)]
<i>(f)</i>	A 'sale of goods' under the Sale of Goods Act, 1930, creates (a jus in rem/a jus in personam)
(g)	The relation of partnership arises from contract and not from status, has been prescribed under (section 4/section 5)
(h)	General duties of partners have been laid down in of the Indian Partnership Act, 1932. (section 10/section 11)
<i>(i)</i>	According to of the Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008, an LLP is a body corporate formed and incorporated under the Act. (section 5/section 3)
(i)	Partnership is(a juristic person)
Write short notes on: 2×5=10	
(a)	Rights of indemnity holder
(b)	Factor
AC)	Existing goods

- (d) Dormant partners
- (e) Disadvantages of Limited Liability Partnership.
- 3. Define the term, bailment and briefly state the rights and duties of bailor and bailee. How does bailment differ from sale?

2+4+4+2=12

Orl

Define pledge, and state the respective rights and duties of pawnor and pawnee. Can a person in possession of goods under a voidable contract make a valid pledge?

2+4+4+2=12

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Discuss the various ways in which agency is created and terminated. 8+4=12

Or

Briefly explain the duties of an agent towards his principal. What are his rights against the principal?

6+6=12

5. Define 'buyer', 'seller' and 'goods'. Also explain the essential characteristics of a contract of sale of goods. 1+1+2+8=12

Or

What is meant by an unpaid seller? What are his rights under the Sale of Goods Act? 4+8=12

- 6. Define Partnership. Distinguish Partnership from
 - (i). Co-ownership
 - (ii) Joint Hindu Family business and
 - (iii) Company.

3+3+3+3=12

Or

Is the registration of partnership firm compulsory? What is the procedure for the registration of a firm? What are the consequences of non-registration of a firm? Discuss. 2+6+4=12

7. Define Limited Liability Partnership. What are its nature? How a Limited Liability Partnership is different from a partnership firm?

Or

Answer the following: (any two)

6+6=12

- (a) Can a partnership be formed with a minor? If so, what are his rights and liabilities during minority and after he has attained majority?
- (b) What are the advantages of an LLP?
- (c) Protection of whistle-blowers.