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23(1) LLM 1-5

2011

HINDU LAW

Paper : 1-5

Full Marks : 80

Pass Marks : 32

Time : Three hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.*

1. Write about the ultimate aim of life according to Hindu philosophy. Explain the views regarding Origin of Hindu law. 16

Or

The statement in the code of Manu that the Sruti, The Smriti, Customs of virtuous men and one's own conscience (self approval) with their widely differing sanctions, are the four sources of sacred law, is sufficient to show the intermixture of law, religion and morality in The "Dharmasastras"— Explain. 16

Contd.

Commerce Point

20

2. What do you mean by "degree of prohibited relationship" in marriage? What are the essentials of a valid marriage? 16

Or

Explain cruelty as a ground for divorce. What are the differences between Divorce and Judicial Separation under the Hindu law? 16

3. Describe the philosophy of liability for debts under the Hindu law. Describe the provisions under mitakskara as well as Dayabhaga System of law. 16

Or

"A coparcenary is purely a creature of Hindu law" Explain with illustrations. 16

4. "As a general rule a wife is not entitled to separate residence from her husband and claim maintenance". Discuss with exceptions if any. State the liabilities of daughters to maintain her aged parents. 16

Or

Explain the purpose of adoption in Hindu law. State the important changes made by the modern legislation with its effect in this respect. 16

5. How do you justify that the Hindu minority and Guardianship Act of 1956 is a Supplemental one to The Guardian and wards Act of 1890? What are the restrictions on the powers of natural guardian? 16

Or

State the reasons for appointing a guardian under the Hindu law. Discuss the powers of Guardians with respect to constitutional provisions of India. 16

Commerce Point