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14 (LLM-2) 2-5

2017

LEGAL RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

Paper : 2005

Full Marks : 80

Time : Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

Answer any five questions.

1. Research is a method sufficiently objective and systematic to make possible classification, generalisation and verification of the data observed. — Lundberg. Define legal research considering the above context. Discuss the objects and strategy of legal research. 16

OR

What is the meaning of Legal Research Design? Discuss elaborately the characteristics of a good research design.

Contd.

2. What is Scientific Method? What are the essential elements of science? Describe the important steps of scientific method. 16

OR

Define hypothesis and null hypothesis. What are the different sources of hypothesis? Write an exhaustive note on importance of hypothesis in legal research.

3. Define Sampling. Why do we select a sample in socio-legal research? When is sampling method appropriate? Mention the advantages and disadvantages of sampling method. 15

OR

Discuss in detail the advantages and limitations of questionnaire and interview technique.

4. What do you mean by doctrinal legal research? Discuss the characteristics and limitations of doctrinal legal research. 16

OR

Discuss empirical legal research with characteristics and limitations, if any. What are the differences between doctrinal and non-doctrinal legal research?

5. What are the different sources of data? Discuss the relationship between the two main sources of data. 16

OR

"A collection of data is regarded as fascinating phase of research" — elaborately explain the above statement.

7 Formulation of Problem
8 Analysis of hypothesis
9 Collection of data
10 Data analysis
11 Conclusion
12 Reporting