Total number of printed pages-3

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2020

(Held in 2021)

HISTORY-M

Paper: 3·1

(Legal History)

Full Marks: 56

Time: 2½ hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

PART-A

1.

Cho	oose the correct option	n:	1×7=7
(a)	Courts were administering justice residing in Madras British Settlement.	spatnam pr	atives ior to
(6)	in the Choultry C	rdinate to <i>l</i> ourt. Raja/Peddan	Ü

	/_
(c)	The collector presided over thein 1772.
	(Sadar Diwani Adalat/Mofussil Diwani Adalat)
(d)	The foundation of Fort William was laid
	by (Job Charnock/Francis Day)
(e)	Judicial Plan of 1772 was prepared under the governorship of
	(Lord Cornwallis/Warren Hastings)
(f)	was popularly called "black Colonel" by the company.
	(Raja Nand Kumar/Raja Sundernarayan)
(g)	Article 129 makes the a 'Court
	of record'. (High Court/Supreme Court)
Writ	te short answers to the following: 3+4=7
/(a)	Why does the Patna case occupy such
	an important place in the Indian legal History?
/(b)	Write any four merits of the judicial plan of 1772.

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2.

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3. Analyse the second phase of judicial administration in Madras from 1678-1686.

7)

OR

Analyse the first phase of administration of justice in Bombay (1668-1683).

4. Discuss the demerits of the judicial plan of 1772.

OR

Discuss the provisions of the Act of Settlement, 1781.

PART-B

- 5. Article 129 makes the Supreme Court a 'Court of record' and confers Power to punish for contempt of itself. Analyse the above statement in detail.
- 6. Why is the Trial of Raja Nand Kumar so significant in Indian Legal History? Critically examine the case and give your opinions.

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