Total number of printed pages-4

19 (I) CNLW 1-1

2020

(Held in 2021)

CONSTITUTIONAL LAWIC

Paper: 1·1

Full Marks : 56

Time: 2½ hours

- Note: 1. The figures in the margin indicates full marks for the questions.
 - 2. Students must attempt both Group A and Group B.

GROUP-A

- 1. Fill in the blanks with appropriate answers given in the brackets: $1 \times 7 = 7$

	(c)	Right to free education is available to the age of 14 years only was held (Mohini Jain v State Karnataka/Unni Krishnan v State A.P.)	in of
	(d)	is describe as the Magr Carta of the Indian Constitution (Part III/Part I	n.
	(e)	is considered as the hea and soul of the Indian Constitution. (Article 21/ Article 3)	
	<i>(f)</i>	Fundamental duties were borrowed from Constitution of	
		(US / Japa	n)
	<i>(g)</i>	Regarding the writ of Habeas Corputhe rule of res judicata is	
2.	Ansy	wer the following:	
	(a)	What is the other authority relating the state' under Article 12?	to 2
	(15)	What do you mean by double jeopardy	?
	(c)	What are the rights of the child under the Constitution of India?	er 2
	(d)	What is doctrine of severability?	1
19 (1)	CNLV	V 1·1/G 2	

3. What is the Rule of Law? How does the Constitution of India seek to establish it? (within 100 words)

2+5=7

Or

What is secularism? What are the provisions of the Indian Constitution to maintain secularism in India? (within 100 words)

2+5=7

4. Write a note on protection of rights of minorities. (within 100 words) 7

Or

Write a note on right to constitutional remedies. (within 100 words) 7

GROUP-B

5. The Constitution of India is federal in form but unitary in substance. Explain. 14

Or

To achieve the goal of the preamble the directives contained in the Directive Principles of the State Policy must be implemented.

6. Explain the wide horizon of the Right to Life and Personal Liberty under the Constitution of India.

Or

Fundamental freedoms are not absolute but subject to some reasonable restrictions. Discuss.