

Total number of printed pages-4

19 (I) INFD 1.5 (H)

2021

(Held in 2022)

**INDIAN FEDERALISM**

[ Constitutional Law Group ]

Paper : 1.5 (Hons)

Full Marks : 80

Time : Three hours

***The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.***

1. Fill in the blanks with appropriate answers given in the brackets / choose / True or False : 1×10=10

(i) India, that is Bharat, shall be a Union of States. ( True / False )

(ii) Federalism has been declared to be an essential feature of the Constitution of India and a part of its basic structure. ( True / False )

Contd.

(iii) The \_\_\_\_\_ may form new states in India.

(Parliament / Central Government)

(iv) \_\_\_\_\_ in America have the right to make their own constitution.

(People/States)

(v) In a federal constitution identity of regional government is \_\_\_\_\_.

(ensured / not ensured)

(vi) \_\_\_\_\_ is one of the factors for cooperative federalism.

(Capitalist State/ Welfare State)

(vii) Residuary powers of legislation are vested with Parliament. (True/False)

(viii) A confederation is a group of people or nations united for a common purpose.

(True/False)

(ix) Under Article \_\_\_\_\_, the Parliament can legislate with respect to any matter in the State List, during emergency.

(250/252)

(x) Co-operative federalism is a \_\_\_\_\_ process of cooperation.

(flexible/ static)

2. Write short notes on :  $2 \times 5 = 10$

(a) Residuary Power

(b) Federal Constitution

(c) Merits of Confederation

(d) Grounds of Financial Emergency

(e) Qualification to the post of the Governor.

3. What do you mean by Federal Constitution? Whether Indian Constitution can be regarded as Federal one?  $6+6=12$

**Or**

What is Unitary Constitution? Write an explanatory note on advantages and disadvantages of Unitary Constitution.

$4+4+4=12$

4. Who appoints the Governor? What are the legislative powers of the Governor? Discuss the relationship of the Governor with the Council of Ministers.  $2+6+4=12$

**Or**

How the Indian Government changed the legal status of Jammu and Kashmir? Is the removal of special status of Jammu and Kashmir justified?  $5+7=12$

5. What is the meaning of Co-operative Federalism ? Explain about the composition, duties and procedure of Inter-State-Council ?

6+6=12

**Or**

What do you mean by Confederation ? What are the differences between Confederation and Federation ?

5+7=12

6. Discuss the scheme of distribution of administrative powers between Union and the States under the Constituion of India.

12

**Or**

Discuss the scheme of legislative powers between the Centre and States in India. What are the reasons for which centre has been made more powerful ?

8+4=12

7. Discuss the scope and limits of the amending powers under the Constitution of India with reference to important judicial decision.

12

**Or**

Make a comparative study of federalism in India and USA.

12